APPENDIX - CAPITALISM: THEN AND NOW!

The Revolution in Ownership (An American Example)

THE chart on the opposite page reveals the essentially public character of the modern large-scale industrial enterprise. The General Motors Corporation of U.S.A. founded in 1908 with the merger of three small motor car firms had less than 2,000 shareholders as late as 1916. The ownership of General Motors today is spread over hundreds of thousands of shareholders. Its profits go to benefit not just a few people but millions. The owners of General Motors are not just a few wealthy individuals but countless small investors, students, insurance policy holders and beneficiaries in estates.

The widespread lines of G.M. ownership—direct and indirect—are typical of big American corporations today. They would also be typical of the larger Australian enterprises.

The distribution of G.M. ownership by size of holdings is shown below:—

ALL SHAREHOLDERS

Over 100 shares	18%
51-100 shares	19%
26-50 shares	24%
1-25 shares	39%

GM OWNERSHIP

BENEFITS MILLIONS . . .

